DEAD TREE(S)

The 'official' time limit having expired, I invited Ben and John Turner of Houghton and Robin Mogridge of Av donwick to quote for felling the dead tree. I also asked them to cast a glance at the others - in case.

The Turners came first (naturally, being just up the road) and quoted £80 plus VAT for the dead tree ; they recommended that the second tree from the top of the row shou'ld be felled. "Itwas dying from the top and since the balancing 'trunk' on the west side of the main trunk had been cut down years ago [I think in Rachel Hall's time] it would fall across a number of gravestones and make quite a mes It would be a "3-men job". They quoted £210+ for the two jobs together.

Mogridge came on Thursday. His figures were £80-90+ and (having - unprompted- made much the same comments about the second tree) £220 -230+.

On Friday, I rang Regan, the tree man at SHDC, and told him what the two comments had been. He asked who the men were and, on hearing the names, immediately said that both knew the business backward and were experts whose opinions he would not query at all. I have also left a message forBrian McCabe (Parish tree warden).

If we have the money I/propose that we ask Ben Turner to fell both the trees.

RCT. 16/11/96

Derek Depend



SOUTH HAMS DISTRICT COUNCIL

PLANNING AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT

Follaton House, Plymouth Road, Totnes, Devon. TQ9 5NE

TELEPHONE: TOTNES (01803) 861234

FAX: Totnes (01803) 861166 DX 300050 TOTNES 2

Your Ref:

Our Ref:

JR/DJH/LF/CA40

Planning only: (01803) 861122

435

Please ask for:

Mr. J. Regan

Mr. R.C. Trant, Markland, Ringmore, KINGSBRIDGE. Devon.

27th November 1996

Dear Mr. Trant, 30/11

TREES AT ALL HALLOWS CHURCHYARD.

This is just to confirm that this Council has no objection to the felling of the dead Sycamore trees.

Having looked through the regulations I have learnt that trees in churchyards are exempt from Tree Preservation Order controls. Hence there is no need to consult this Council should you need to do further works in the future.

Yours sincerely,

JOHN REGAN

Landscape and Forestry Officer

Brian - for information! Denek to see







Can asse ful sur the P.C. C. hill appea to Mogneidge

I to the cost - fill was £300. Let £100 pprobly

re coverable of fine word. I through a Charlester.

provided we brounds intoward of cheech

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shall I discur ath Trichael and perrusia.

Who wild out the frictoood?

Could be ut have it as a compensation previous.

of bon fire for relibert

b) drop word in field.

The cold Dave some
beginning I July I

Deer michael,

Church THES.

M: MOCRIDGE "Trescape from

Available a Surday. He + Gol. Gunslav. Horked at the trees.

cone down. The other have to be shortened or themad agreedy he bed all seems best of the seems of the seems

He Migridge would do the bout.

Apparently in a Consentation Areas

It has to be done professionally be

are all graphed to you for offering to

don't.

Please may we have you permission bi-

- 1. drep wood who you field
- 2. In people to cut it up there.

 The idea is to sell to wood for

 firewood (la raphas the conjugation)

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3. to let the nutrishy wood to how there. But y but would be a great nuisance to ear he reful be able to take with plan.

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about 3 weeks him and take odays

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would Supember. But it seems had

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their selves or for Safety.

Phone will you let be to be a stirt.

You are lappy for you tidal to be used used

for the word. your surcerely, Rachelfall. how £3/0

From the Rector.

As long as a Churchyard remains open for burials, its care and maintenance are the responsibility of the Parochial CHURCH Council. Local civil authorities usually make a grant (entirely at their discretion) towards the cost, on the grounds that all parishioners (whether members of the Church or not) are entitled to be buried in the Churchyard. The civil authority has no official responsibility for the Churchyard. All decisions are the prerogative of the CHURCH Council in conjunction with the Incumbent who has the Freehold.

The final responsibility for the burial of the dead rests with the CIVIL authority. The above paragraph makes it clear that they have no problems as long as there is an "open" Churchyard.

If it seems likely that a Churchyard will have to be closed, one or two options are open to the CHURCH Council:-

- 1. If there is an area where burials have not taken place for a very long time, it may be possible to re-use that area. A faculty would have to be obtained (whether or not this involved the removal of old headstones), with people being given proper rights of objecting to the scheme. The Archdescon and the Diocesan Legal Secretary would be the first people to approach.
- 2. Under Section 18 of the Burial Act 1855, the Church Council could declare the Churchyard "closed". This would mean that there could be no new graves or burials; but where provision had already been made, a family grave or vault could be reopened.
- 3. The Church Council could apply to purchase land as a Churchyard extension. Permission for this is rarely granted nowadays unless there are very exceptional circumstances.

In effect this means that the CIVIL authority is required to provide and maintain a burial ground for which the Church has no responsibility. Burial fees (as opposed to fees for the Burial Service in Church) would go to the CIVIL authority.

At the same time, under <u>section 215 of the Local Government Act 1972</u>, the CHURCH Council is entitled to serve a written request to the CIVIL Authority to take over the maintenance of the closed Churchyard as well. In turn, if the local Parish Council are not in a position to undertake either the provision of a Burial Ground or the maintenance of the closed Churchyard, they are entitled to pass the responsibility on to the District Council.

It must be borne in mind that, if this happened, a District Council may find it did not have sufficient funds to maintain the closed Churchyard which would then become overgrown. Also, if the District Council has Burial Grounds elsewhere they can demand that burials take place in the existing ones (where-ever they may be situated) instead of providing a new Burial Ground in the local Parish. Local people would not be over-happy about such an arrangement.

When there is the possibility of the closure of a Churchyard, the CHURCH Council is legally required to give the local CIVIL Authority three months notice; but Church Councils are urged (in order to avoid inconveniencing the Civil Council) to give informal notice 12 months ahead, and follow it with the formal notice three months before actual closure.

Ringmore - unless there is an unexpected epidemic - is not likely to have a problem just yet. Perhaps local undertakers could be invited to express an opinion, and maybe the local History Society would be interested in carrying out a helpful survey.

The Rev. G. Corbett



With the compliments of the Secretary

18 Cathedral Yard Exeter Tel. 35500

22.7.85

...19

K/JW/385

22nd July 1985

Dear Mr. Williams,

Ringmore Rectory

Thank you for your letter of 8th July 1985.

The Board appreciates your kind offer to provide and maintain trees in the Rectory grounds and having taken advice, it is agreed that some tree planting may be carried out although this should not include any Poplar due to the extensive root system which such trees develop.

It is suggested that the triple row shown on your diagram along the north eastern boundary should be reduced to two rows, staggered of Ash and Oak and that the White Beam and Ash on the western boundary, close to the south west corner of the Rectory should be omitted also.

In time, some trees will need to be taken out, to allow the others to develop properly. Can it be agreed that this is understood and accepted despite this being a Conservation Area?

Yours sincerely,

K. G. Williams Esq., Chairman of Parish Council, c/o Mrs. J. Ebsworth, Crosswick, St. Anns Chapel, Bigbury, S.Devon c.c. Incumbent Thank you.

draft-of little red sed.

V. relevent

The chair of the D.C.

The Parish Conesed take a grant each as a P. C. C. nearly and tow ands the appear of the graveyand, as you will know. This is at their descetter the acut. is fined cachaged know. This is at their chances Arld he went the heliphine that he went to heliphine that he went to helphine that he we have array if the clause that he went to esta Tur Reiter says their is now. had begat it bay also land a I did hely know.

les type of a space and the thouse a grave is treeded (wendern to diff) is a sheat the Red have in the sheat the Real tree and argue in the Real face to copy and I work to you do you the west to work the sound of your and when the sound of your the sound of your to work the subject of grows, no desidant less that I will treed to a minimately, old grows, no desidant living treed in the well the sound the whole when the well the sound the soun

it! Profesional advice as to action & types free furiplement discounted? Parochial Church Council.

Dear Rachael,

Sycamores in Church Boundary.

Copy to: Stan Brunskill Peggy Williams

Reg Trant The Rector.

Reg Trant has circulated Mr Moore's points and the Standing Committees Proposals. It is important to differentiate between an old tree which is 'rotten' and one that is 'rotting'. Some of us older people may be slowly rotting but we aren't rotten and ready to be 'put down' !! 'tooth' better? perper no - headerline

The sycamores have been planted at more or less regular intervals. My guess is that they were planted by Hingstone Randolph to protect as soon as possible the new roof on his renovated ' Church of God'. Mr Moore tells me that the trees are about 126 years old. F.C. H. R. always took a long view. These trees have and still are protecting the Church from the North-westerly gales and could do so for a few years were to come if we look after them. Even with the sycamores when they were smaller the slates were stripped off the roof in the gale of Dec. 12th 1980. The Euonymus and Viburnum will never reach more than 10 feet and therefore give no protection. The west end of the church at one time had to be slated to keep out the damp.

Mr Moore says there is no footing in which to plant replacement trees. This is true. Therefore in order to fulfill our responsibility to protect lives from falling trees and flying slates, I would like to put an amendment to the proposal in the paper circulated to us. It is seconded by Stan Brunskill.

Resolved. M. To remove the rotten tree opposite Thomas Boones grave. 2, To remove the dying Acacia at the end of the Institute and replace it.

Church Hall 3. To pollard professionally the remaining sycamores in the Church Yard at about 20 feet, trim all cuts and treat with the latest preservatives including branches overhanging Mr Cappes field. Cost to be covered by coffee fine mornings etc. (This will leave us with a safe measure of windage on the trees and some protection for the church roof, at least after the first season of growth.) 4. To retain all present shrubs in the hedge and plant more where practical using holy, hazel, hawthorn and other traditional hedge trees. At the same time to

plant the north boundary with similar hedge trees. 5. To initiate negotiations with Mr Capps for permission to plant and protect trees at the bottom of his wall

on his property - perhaps Lombardy Poplars which grow tall without spreading. These would have made a good start if in 10 or 15 years the Sycamores are showing too much rotting. This would re-establish for him protection from the cold and snow of the northerly ?

Fronter disclore gales. The present plan will remove all hisprojection.

6. Check that , having removed the really rotten trees, and with this plan , our third party insurance covers claimsdue to flying slates and the less likeli-hood of pollerded trees falling.

Proposed. G. C. Grimshaw.

Seconded. S. Brunskill.

This proposal has two further advantages to my mind. One, it will retain the present quiet and sheltered atmosphere of the church yard and improve it. Two, it will set a better example to others on the creative care of trees as opposed to easy destruction which is all too prevalent these days.

Gearge Grimshaw.

Rangmore Churchyard

Rotes after conversation with the Rector 3.10. 05. Courch has no legal entitlement to any (other) land.

A church yard can be closed. Only family raves can be used is added to.

If a church yard is closed the responsibility for providing and maintain ing a graveyard passes to the Parish Council. If the Parish council is unable it passes to the District Council who can arrange for a cemetery in, e.g. Totness, to be used.

There are regulations governing ch yards. The "ector was trying to find a copy.

hin ofpn has been faced with the problem of finding new space.

They nominated an old part of the Ch yard for reuse. After the necessary notice had been posted up etc and discussions etc. it was feathered agreed as being better than going to Totnes.

But it would be a useful project for the local archaeologists to catalogue the graves that might be suitable, old, no descendents living locally, no no special historical or artistic interest.

The Rector pointed out that there are few burials each year . Also there may well be spaces I have eissed.

the la soie car the attached paper. I'd liked have please.

George grendow has apred, berbally, buts ther.

Mutt

2 May 1985

Hams DC called by invitation to see the sycamore trees on the west wall of the churchyard and the acacia in the grounds of the church hall. He was met by Lady Hall, Mr.Brunskill and Mr.Trant.

Mr.Noore inspected the sycamores both from the churchyard is and from Mr.Capps' property adjoining. He considered that seven of the sycamores were old trees which had been pollarded at some time in the jast and were now decaying downwards from the pollard; the oldest tree had already begun to collapse. Their roots were breaking out of the wall and would in time bring the wall down. The longer treatment was delayed, the worse the remedy would be and he recommended that all of them should come out. Application for permission to fell them should be made to the District Council (as required by the Town and Country Amenities Act 1974 and Section 61a of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 for trees in a designated Conservation Area).

Together with the application, it was also necessary to make proposals for replacement of the felled trees. Mr.Moore suggested that smaller trees (of fruit tree size) or large shrubs should be chosen; after considering a number of possibilities, he recommended euonymus japonica (the Japanese spindle) and viburnum tinus as being both suitable for growing and appropriate for the particular situation.

He recommended that the sreamore stumps should be cut very tight and low (perhaps needing six or seven cuts) and then killed with ammonium sulphamate or sodium chlorate.

Mr.Moore also inspected the acacia which had been reported as interfering with the fine specimen of copper beech in the church hall grounds (also within the Conservation Area). Although at first glance, the acacia seemed to be in reasonable, if not good, health, close inspection showed that it was rotten at the base and could be classified as dangerous. He recommended that it should be removed. As it was so close to the beech, it was probably better not to put another tree in the same position, but to place it further away.

Mr. Moore left an information sheet on trees in Conservation areas and application forms and agreed to supply plans of the Conservation area which are required to accompany the Erms.

1. Rector Please passon

2 Miss Tournam I can " of you like, I dall be last dealing out

3. Mass Lock Prome may I (A. m. H.) have the passin copy

1 the architect's Report etc.?

Sunday .

Dear Kachdel, Mi chael

MR Mogridge came and tooked at The tracs in the Church Yord. He said that there may be Some rotting in the crowns but there is plenty of vigovous growth and neckans they will live for many years yet, giving us time the raise thing successors.

At fact he suggested just thining the crowns and I thus retaining a reasonable shape. I saw that The I P.C.C. would be happier if they were lowered in spite of the somewhat uncerptly shape for atime. So he recommends:

- 1. hower the croams to 20%. no fin
- 2. Thin and Shorten side limbs.
- 3. Cut down completely the rotten tree, which he said had probably been struck by highting at some time.

To achieve this he will need to:

- 1. Lower some branches into the Church Ford.
- 2. Which the tope over into Ro Copps field.
- 3. Leave wood suitable for fire wood wecet in the

4. Burn if we wish the rubboth, and small wood www. wall be for fore wood. He estimates 200 to \$220 - appear. \$40 per tree. He looked at the Accacia and agreed it was spoiling the copper beech, but he said the Copper beech needed thinning or it would start deteriorations. He estavasted 50 to out down the Accasia and thin the Copper Beach. There would be rubbish to be burnt, but he would leave the wood suitable for fire wood for us to cut 松 帮 He could come or do the work in about £. 4 3 weeks time. I said I would let him know our decicean. to drop wood into his field - to cut it up - who? and to burn rubbish. TOTAL COST around \$ 270. Clearly for an amateur to do it would be very hozadores. Your Survey, beage.

THE SYCAMORES in the Church Jarot. King more.

After consultation with two different "experts", it was obscirled by the P.C.C. to employ a tree expert to "oboctor" them.

at the and of June and lowered the crowns but did not pollaced the trees. They also "rawed the crowns but the crowns by theiring the Side branches and taking out some awkward stems.

They cut out completely one unount and nother tree and one mishapen trees. There too may well throw up new growth which we can autof.

Since Frewood was loft to Ro Capper, the remainder removed to the Church Room where

was dangerous was out down and again the crown of the Copper Break was thinwel.

This time wood is being sold off as and when anyone comes to collect it. I think I x \$10 has so to been raised towards expenses.

Manting has also taken place.

been planted in the N.W. corner of the Grave yerd. Three beacher have been been flowed around the Church Room, this Nov. 1985.

Report by: G.C. Grimshair. Feb. 1986. Barnford 17yh. June 1985.

Dear George,

Thank you for your letter about the church trees.

I am very glad that you are doing what you are doing and grateful to you for giving me a detailed report at each stage.

The P.C.C. is most likely to agree to our using Mr. Mogridge and to his estimated charges_ still under £300 with £100 or so recoverable from fire-wood.

They would not ;, I think, agree to the work being done "in a bout three weeks time". I , for one, would be against that and in favour of a time after the holiday season and before the equinoxes about the second week in September.

Shortening

If the object of this is to prevent branches from touching the church roof, it would only be needed eafter the condemned tree has gone), in for the one tree, the tree next to it, the last but one on the south end.

But probably there is another reason, such as decreasing the lev-

Frage on the roots? Otherwise thinning could be better for the trees north of the condemned one?

Megotiations with Michael

I would be frepared to talk to him and to ask his permission provided the work was put off till the Autumn and when we have decided how much shortening to have done.

Who would cut up the firewood? Could Michael not have it , or some of it as a compensation/reward?

Yours sincorely. Packet (Act)

Barnford 17yh. June 1985.

Dear George,

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Yours sincerely, Raeld (Adl)

12. XI. 85 Slav Bourkell has ordered/horget 1 evergeen oak fr n. e arner

12 June 86.

Den Rochael,

I have arranged with the Magridge of Treescape Mythorks to come over on Fre. at 6 pm. to have a book at the trees a hopefully give an estimate of the cost of lopping.

He was recommended to me by Jartenzton Woodlands Staff and did a very good job on a vast macrocarpa tree in my gooden.

He cames how Avonaxole, so has not for to travel.

Rendy vous at the Cherch.

Yours Swendy 2 \$2700

B. | Said had to as coon when we have the let him he had as borseble.

18 June 85

Dear Rachael .

Thank you for your helpful notes. It is probably good to get the facts down on paper has reference to the standing office.

Trang The Mogratique last, night. He said it would take 2 days to do the Church trees and are day for the Aceacia. He rang we again early this morning and said he had been thurking about the trees." There can't be many tree experts who stay awake thinking about the job!

She said that the trees at the North and of the row are tally than those wares the Church, therefore he thought he could take more off the faller trees and not so much off the lower trees and this woold leave a better looking result. He is worked about the looks of a heavily lopped row of trees.

Probably The best arrangement Evole be to give him a fairly here hand as he want know exactly

Shat he can do till' he gets up the trees.

He with worsed about the hohology period. It the work is to be done it is bether to do it awhis the hour later so that the new shoots have more time to ripen before the wints comes on. Two years ago we had the worst gole of the year in the Lorst wash of September - are never known when they will come!

The Committee's problem was safety of people in the Church Jord a of the Church. This would point to doing the job, again, sooner than later.

and think to kees caly - the next he will drop wito Nichael's field.

Just Nichaels A rope could be put across from the west and of

the Chiral to the bank to stop holeday makers & visitors

whing that path. Euto be the Seall and was and come all we

using that path. Entry by the Seable gate would not

truck so pashing is in problem.

My view is that we should do the job as soon as possible for the good of the trees.

Yours Saicerely, George

Reg Trant.

24 June 85.

Treescape. Chapel Cottage. Charford. Avonwick.

Dear Mr. Mogridge,

This confirms my telephone call and message which I gave to your wife that the Parochial Church Council has agreed with your suggestions for dealing with the trees in the Church Yard. And also the Acacia and the top of the Copper Beach, at the end of the Church Institute. They also agree your estimate.

-- - - - - - - - -

The object is to:

To improve the trees in health and strength and so proplong their life.

To reduce any danger of the trees or branches falling on anyone or on the Church itself, and to reduce their windage.

To avoid as far as possible a row of bare and ugly tree trunks.

The work agreed to be done is:

To cut to ground level the rotten tree at the end of the Church.

To reduce the crown of the others by 20%.

To raise the crown of the trees by thinning side branches and larger stems and removing all growth overhanging Mr Capp's field.

To cut down the Acacia and thin the crown of the Copper beach.

To burn rubbish.

To stack suitable wood for@ fire wood so that we can cut it up and remove it later.

Mr Capps has kindly agreed to us dropping wood in his field and to burning rubbish. Please limit this use as much as possible.

Your estimate of \$200 to £220 for the Church Yard and £50 for the Acacia and Beach tree is accepted by the P.C.C., who also agree that you should use your discretion in dealing with the trees depending on their varying height and the state of their tops when you see them.

They are happy for you to do the job as soon as you can.

Mr Bob O'Brieh was over here the other day advising on a tree planting programme for Ringmore and I told him of your advice for dealing with the trees and he agreed with it. He said you had done some jobs for him which had been very satisfactory. So we go ahead with confidences

Yours Sincerely,

G. C. Grimshaw.

for Parochial Church Council.

P.S. You will of course take great care not to damage any of the tomb stones.